Weymouth College

Access and Participation Plan

[2022-23 to 2026-27]

Assessment of current performance

In 2019-20 the College enrolled 111 Higher Education (HE) students (88 full-time and 23 part-time and apprentices). The current small HE cohort has been directly related to the strategic realignment of the provision which replaced an organically grown, idiosyncratic, poorly recruiting offer to one based on clear progression routes in addition to meeting employer needs.

The College has a strong record of attracting students from typically under-represented groups, in a geographical area, which is recognised by HEFCE as being a cold spot for HE. Our HE performance is strong, with an average full-time achievement rate of 95% in 2019-20 (Percentage of all students (year 1 and 2) that continue/achieve the qualification during that academic year). This demonstrates our outstanding commitment and support to students, reflected in our most recent NSS results which rank academic support at 91.36% (11.93% above the national average), with overall satisfaction at 88.89% (7.6% above the national average).

Due to the small HE provision, the Access and Participation Plan 2022-23 to 2026-27 will not disaggregate data for trends in Ethnicity and care leavers as the numbers involved are very low and could potentially lead to identification of students within the cohort. The same will apply to apprenticeship data as this accounts for just 2% of the College HE provision and allows students to become easily identifiable. Access data for the College will consider 2015-2019, progression data is only available for 2016-17. This is due to provision from 2012-15 being franchised provision, thus limiting the ability to provide trend analysis and continuation data will use data from 2015-2019. This plan will predominantly use the data set provided by the Office for Students to analyse trends. If other sources are utilised, these will be referenced accordingly. This plan has used sector averages for 'other undergraduate courses' only. This is due to the College offering only foundation degrees and HNC/HNDs as programmes up to 2019/20, with one first degree level 6 programme starting in 2020/21 with no reportable data at the time of writing.

In order to disaggregate the data further, the College plans to collate data around ethnicity, care leavers and specific disability categories from September 2021 in order to fully demonstrate a strong understanding of the characteristics of the College students.

College Summary of Access

The College attracts students from a wide range of social groupings. 60% of students come from POLAR4 Quintiles 1 and 2 compared to 41% sector average (19/20), 50% of students live in an Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) Quintiles 1 and 2 (52.5% sector average), 80% of the student population being young, and 10% of students declaring a disability compared to the sector benchmark (16.8%) for 19/20 access).

	Table 1: Access by underrepresented groups - Full time (OfS Data set March 2021) DP- no data due to small numbers and at risk of identification											
Academic Year	Young %	Mature %	POLAR4 Quintile 1/2 %	POLAR4 Quintile 3/4/5 %	IMD Q1/2 %	White %	Black %	Asian %	Mixed %	Disability %	Male %	Female %
2016/17	66.7	33.3	70.5	29.5	39	95.5	0	0	3	21.2	47	53
2017/18	67.2	32.8	55.6	44.4	46	98.5	0	1.5	0	19.4	35.4	64.6
2018/19	71	29	60	40	38	DP	DP	DP	DP	29	54	46
2019/20	80	20	60	40	50	DP	DP	DP	DP	10	55	45

College Summary of Continuation

Continuation rates for full time students at the College aggregate at 80% over the four-year period. Continuation for the whole cohort increased over the period, from 84% in 2015/16 to 87.7% in 2016/17 (Amended B3 Data June 2019). However, this decreased in 2017/18 to 78% due to an increased number of students completing a Cert HE at the end of level 4. This is an area the College is working hard to improve. It is hard to evaluate the gaps in continuation rates by characteristics due to the cohort size and the unavailability of data. However, continuation rates for males in 2017/18 stood at 65% with females at 75% (sector benchmark 79.8% and 84.1% respectively), highlighting a gap.

	Table 2: Continuation by underrepresented groups - Full time (OfS Data set March 2021) DP- no data due to small numbers and at risk of identification N- no data as less than 25 students												
Academic Year	Young %	Mature %	POLAR4 Quintile 1/2 %	POLAR4 Quintile 3/4/5 %	IMD Q1/2 %	IMD Q3/4/5 %	White %	Black %	Asian %	Mixed %	Disability %	Male %	Female %
2015/16	85	N	85	DP	85	90	85	NA	DP	DP	DP	Ν	90
2016/17	90	Ν	85	DP	DP	85	87	NA	NA	NA	DP	85	90
2017/18	75	Ν	80	DP	75	80	79	NA	DP	DP	DP	80	Ν
2018/19	70	Ν	80	Ν	65	75	69	NA	NA	DP	DP	65	75
3 year average	79	77	82	73	76	80	78	NA	DP	DP	75	77	79

Part time numbers at HE are small with nine part-time students enrolled in 2019/20. Continuation rates for these students are high at 73.3% (2015/16) compared to the sector other undergraduate average for 2015/16 at 64.4%. There is no continuation data available for 2016-2018 due to the small numbers and data protection and therefore unable to comment on gaps.

College Summary of Attainment.

The College has recently started delivering level 6 provision for its students from 2020/21, for one academic pathway. For all other provision the College utilises top up qualifications, where students elect to study at the progression routes offered by the Partner University (University of Plymouth) or other local HEIs. This means that the College is unable to use the OfS indicator of attainment to identify gaps.

Using local data (ILR) attainment rates for HND and Foundation degree students are outstanding reporting 100% attainment rates in 2019/20, 94% (2018/19), 93% (2017/18), 97% (2016/17) and 100% (2015/16). Due to the small numbers of students in each cohort, the data cannot be disaggregated due to data protection.

College Summary of Progression

Due to the population of data in the early years of the College HE provision being franchised provision, progression data is only available for year 5 (2016/17), thus limiting the ability to provide trend analysis. However, data for progression for 2016/17 shows no significant gaps between the majority of the classifications. Progression rates for those with a declared disability is lower at 61.5% compared to progression rates for those with no known disability at 80.8% and this is an area for the College to improve. However, it must be considered that the data accounts for twenty-nine students within the cohort with the low numbers affecting the confidence in data. Progression from POLAR4 quintiles 1 and 2 is slightly above the sector average at 71.6% (sector average 68.8%). It must be noted that due to the small student numbers, progression data is not available for POLAR4 Quintiles 3-5. Part time numbers at HE are small and therefore progression for 2016/17 is not reportable.

1. Assessment of performance

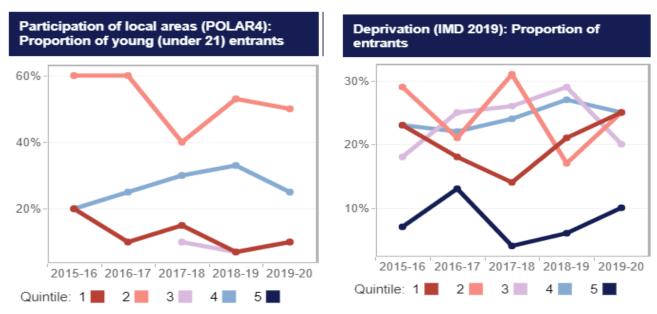
1.1 Higher education participation, household income, or socioeconomic status

The College demonstrates strength in recruiting students from quintiles of underrepresentation in HE with a significant proportion of students (60% in 19/20) from wards in POLAR4 Quintiles 1 and 2 (Table 1, graph 1) and a three-year trend of 58.3%. When compared with the national percentage of UK domiciled entrants from lowest participation neighbourhood by academic year 2019/20 (41.9%), it is clear that the College shows strong recruitment from lower quintile wards. POLAR 4 Quintile 1 remains steady with a slight increase in access at 10% in 2019/20 (20% sector average), however, the POLAR4 map (OfS 2021) highlights the catchment area for the College is a POLAR 4 Quintile 2 area and links to our strategic approach to encouraging access from our internal level 3 provision.

Graph 1 (Participation of local areas with under 21s) highlights the slight growth in students from quintile 1 and steady rate of students in quintile 2. Due to the size of the cohort, it is impossible to comment upon mature learners. The College encourages good access from students from low socioeconomic backgrounds with 25% of students in IMD 1 (2019/20) compared to 10% from IMD Q5. This is slightly above the sector average for IMD Q1 at 21.7%. It must be noted that when considering IMD Q1 and 2, access is much greater, at 50% for 2019/20 compared to 51.2% sector average for the same year. This was an increase in access from IMD Q1 and 2 from 2018/19 (38%).



Graph 1



Graph 2

Full time continuation rates for POLAR4 Quintiles 1-2 are positive at 80% for 2016/17 and 2017/18 compared to the sector average at 82.4%. Due to the smaller cohort, there is no data available for 2017/18 continuation for students from POLAR4 Q3-5. However, the three-year average continuation rate stands at 82% (Q 1 and 2) and 73% (Q3-5). This is an area for the College to examine further.

Part-time continuation rates for POLAR4 Q1 or 2 stand at 66.7% (local data- ILR) comparable to the national data for other undergraduate courses 78.4% (17/18). However, this only accounts for 8% of the HE provision at the College. Due to the small numbers, no data is available for part-time continuation rates for POLAR4 Q3-5. The small part-time provision is in line with the College strategy to focus its access to HE on full time students within its Further Education courses but the College is committed to ensuring the monitoring of the part-time cohort to maintain the good continuation rates.

The full-time continuation rates by IMD show a gap between students in IMD Q1 and 2 with 65% continuation rates (2017/18) compared to 75% for IMD Q3-5. This is also below the sector data for Q1 and 2 (79.3%) for the same year. The College is monitoring the current cohort's continuation rates to ensure it moves in the upward trajectory that was observed in 2016/17.

Due to the cohort size, there is no data available for progression for 2016/17 although overall for full time students, progression stands at 75% compared to the sector average of 73.1% (16/17).

As stated previously, our strong success and progression performance is also reflected in our most recent NSS results which rank academic support at 91.36% in 2019/20 (12% above the national average), with overall satisfaction at 89% in 2018/19 (6% above the national average). Therefore, the focus of this access and participation plan will be to continue/maintain the performance of access but to consider the gaps between progression of students from IMD Q1/2 and the gap in continuation rates for those from POLAR4 Q1/2.

1.2 Black, Asian and minority ethnic students

Further examination of the demographics of HE students from the academic year 2015/16 to 2019/20 shows that the access of students of ethnicities (table 3) are mirrored between the College's HE cohort and the local population. Access by BAME students is low with the access trend remaining static from

2015/16 to 2017/18 as seen in table 3 below. Due to the small numbers, the data has been anonymised for 2018/19-2019/20 due to data protection although local data reveals a similar trend to the earlier years.

Table 3: Ac	Table 3: Access by underrepresented groups - Full time								
Academic Year	White %	Black %	Asian %	Mixed %					
2015/16	95.8	0	2.1	2.1					
2016/17	95.5	0	0	3					
2017/18	98.5	0	1.5	0					
2018/19	DP	DP	DP	DP					
2019/20	DP	DP	DP	DP					
Local Demographics (2019)	97.51	0.46	0.95	0.97					

Table 3 highlights the low access rates for BAME students. However, access to HE is indicative of the local demographics - BAME accounts for 2.5% of local population.¹ The HE student population are recruited from the local community with 98% from the Weymouth and Portland area and this has meant that the College has not chosen to set a target for BAME access as the data is in line with the local population where our students are recruited. However, the College is committed to monitoring this data to ensure that no gaps emerge.

In terms of continuation rates, there is no data available by ethnicity due to the small cohort size. The College is committed to monitoring this group to ensure that gaps do not form.

Due to the small BAME student population, progression data is not available for this cohort. The College is committed to monitoring this group to ensure that gaps do not form. No data is available for the individual breakdown by student ethnicity due to the sample sizes.

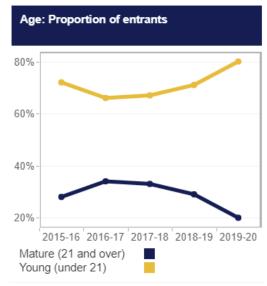
Due to the small numbers in the cohort, there is no reported data available for the disaggregation by ethnicity type for the years in scope. However, when examining the national picture, it is clear that student success and progression lifecycle, outcomes for white students are higher than those for black students with transfer rates between courses higher for all ethnic groups other than white and all above the sector benchmarks with black student's transferral rate at 4.8% against white students at 2.5% (OfS, 2020). This pattern continues with attainment with white students being the highest group to again a 'good degree' at 82% compared to 72% for Asian students and 60% for black students. However, it must be noted that this gap has reduced over the previous three years.

¹ Public Health Dorset, 2019, <u>https://www.publichealthdorset.org.uk/document-library/our-partners/appendix-</u> <u>r-weymouth-portland-profile.pdf</u>

1.3 Mature students

In 2019/20, 20% of all new entrants onto HE courses at Weymouth College were over 21 with a three-year trend of 27%. This is a decreasing trend compared to the previous years from 32.8% in 2017/18 and 29% in 2018/19 (table 1). This slight decrease is due to curriculum changes and developments linking to our HE strategy of developing provision around level 3 and around our adult learner courses offered at the College, including access to HE programmes.

The continuation rates for full time students for 2017/18 are 70%. However, due to the cohort size, the continuation rates for mature students for 2017/18 is unavailable, making it difficult to assess gaps. However, when considering the three-year average, the continuation rates for mature learners remains similar to young learners (77% and 79%)



respectively) indicating little gap. Part time continuation rates are slightly lower for all students (55% over three years) compared to the sector average 82.8% over three years. However, this accounts for just thirty students during the three-year period. There is insufficient data available for the College to assess part-time mature student continuation against young student continuation rates.

As outlined in the progression summary, there are no major gaps for progression in 2016/17 for the total population. Progression for young students stands at 70% although due to cohort size, there is no data available for mature students for 2016/17 and therefore difficult to assess gaps.

1.4 Disabled students

When examining disability, the College saw a three-year average in access of 19% of students with a disclosed disability. However, access by students with a declared disability has seen a downward trend since 2015, decreasing from 21.2% in 2016/17 to 10% in 2019/20. The College recruits significantly more students with a declared disability than the sector average when considering disaggregation by disability type. Table 4 highlights the different access by disaggregated group although at times, the data is unavailable due to the smaller cohort size. This is an area for the College to monitor to maintain the high access by disabled groups.

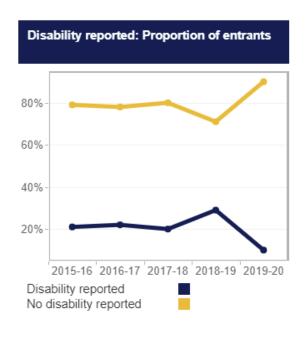


Table 4: Access by underrepresented groups - Full time (OfS, March 2021) College data <i>(Sector data comparison)</i>								
Academic Year	Cognitive/ Learning %	Mental Health %	Sensory/ Medical/ Physical %	Multiple Impairments %	Social and Communic ation %			
2017/18	9 (6)	6 (2.4)	DP <i>(3.2)</i>	DP <i>(1.3)</i>	DP (1.2)			
2018/19	DP (6.1)	13 (2.9)	4 (3.3)	DP (1.4)	10 (1.4)			
2019/20	DP (5.8)	DP (3.5)	DP (3.7)	DP (1.5)	5 (1.6)			

Due to the cohort size, there is no data for continuation rates for students with a declared disability for 2017/18 although previous data highlights that they are marginally lower than the rates for students with no disability 79.3% (ILR 2016/17) against 84% (2016/17-B3 data 2019) continuation for students with no known disability. Continuation rates for students with a declared disability is an area for the College to move forward with to further link to the strategy of providing industry responsive and curriculum linked provision with clear pathways for progression for all students. There is insufficient data available for the College to comment on the continuation rates for part time students with or without a declared disability.

Due to the cohort size, there is no data available for progression for students with a declared disability. This makes it difficult to assess any potential gaps. Due to the small numbers in the cohort, there is no reported data available for the disaggregation by disability type for the years in scope for progression and continuation. However, when examining the national picture, it is clear that student success and progression lifecycle outcomes for students without a declared disability are higher than those for students with a declared disability. 86.6% of students with a declared disability continue their studies compared to 90.3% of students without a declared disability (OfS, 2020) This pattern continues with progression with students without a declared disability continuing their studies (90.3% compared to 86.8% of students with a declared disability). This has remined static for the previous three years.

The national picture also demonstrates gaps in continuation and progression for disaggregated disabled groups although these vary according to disability type. In 2015/16, students with cognitive or learning difficulties had higher continuation rates (91.4 per cent) than non-disabled students (90.3 per cent) while students with a mental health condition have the lowest (86.8 per cent). Progression rates also demonstrate gaps by disability type; only 61.8 per cent of those with a social or communication impairment had progressed into highly skilled work or postgraduate study after six months compared with 73.3 per cent of their non-disabled peers in 2016/17 (OfS, 2019).

Looking at the gaps by disability type highlights that not all disabled students' needs are being met at all points of the student lifecycle. The College is committed to monitoring the access, continuation and progression by disability type to ensure no gaps emerge.

1.5 Care leavers

Data for care leavers over the period are too small to be reportable. Local monitoring for this group of students highlights that care leavers have made up approximately 1% of the HE population since 2015/16 but increased to 3% in 2019/20. The College will look to encourage student access through improved student support at FE level. The College is committed to monitoring this group from 2020 onwards with robust targeted support at all stages of the student lifecycle to encourage achievement and to ensure no gaps emerge. The College will achieve this through improving the collection, accuracy and evaluation of care-leaver data for prospective and current students, engaging with care leavers and

local authorities and using the data, which UCAS collects in the application process to identify care leavers before they enrol and targeted support whilst studying.

However, when examining the national picture, it is clear that student success and progression lifecycle outcomes for students who have been in care are significantly disadvantaged and underrepresented in higher education. In 2017-18, around 6 per cent of all care leavers between the ages of 19-21 were in higher education in 2018 (DfE, 2019). This is compared to 42 per cent of other young people entering higher education. The OfS comment that a high proportion of care leavers do not complete their studies at HE with care leavers 33% more likely to withdraw from their course².

1.6 Intersections of disadvantage

The College has a small HE cohort for the period 2012-16 so drawing trends in progression and continuation is difficult due to the disaggregation of data. Where it is possible to draw analysis, the College has used the five-year average data to ensure that anonymity of students is observed.

The gender split of new entrants onto HE courses at Weymouth College in the academic year 2019/20 is 55% male, consistent by age; this is representative of the gender division of the HE student population at Weymouth College over a three-year period (48%). The College is recruiting more males (11%) when compared to the national data (44.3%) for 'other undergraduate' courses. The College intends to continue to monitor and ensure the positive access.

Research published in 2018 by the Department for Education³ concluded the most underrepresented group of students in higher education are white British men from socioeconomically disadvantaged backgrounds. The College is recruiting strongly to this underrepresented group, with 20% of males from IMD 1&2 in 2019/20 (17.3% sector) with a five-year average of 22% for males and 22% for females. Males from POLAR4 Q1 and 2 also recruit strongly in comparison to females (37% and 27% five-year average respectively) indicating a positive recruitment with no gaps. Therefore, it is evident that the College is performing well, demonstrating the existing effective outreach work that is undertaken at Weymouth College to support access for underrepresented groups into HE. This is an area that the College is keen to maintain this upward trajectory. The College will achieve this through improving the collection, accuracy and evaluation of data for prospective and current students and using the data, which UCAS collects in the application process to identify students before they enrol, and targeted support whilst studying.

Access data for intersections of disadvantage for ethnicity are difficult to report due to the small numbers in the cohort. However, using five-year averages, there is a gap for access for students from POLAR4 Q1 and 2 white (62%) and POLAR4 Q1 and 2 ABMO (2%). However, data for students from ABMO background account less than 25 students over the five-year period making it difficult to assess a gap.

Continuation data for intersections of disadvantage is only available by gender and POLAR4/ IMD due to the small numbers by ethnicity. There is a gap between POLAR4 Q1 and 2 males continuation rates over the five-year period (77%) compared to females at 85%. This is a similar figure when intersecting IMD 1 and 2 with gender over the five years with continuation rates for males at 75% and females at 83%. Due to the cohort size, there is no available data by year to assess whether this is an upward or downward

² Harrison, N., 2017 *Moving On Up: Pathways of care leavers and care-experienced students into and through higher education*, National Network for the Education of Care Leavers.

³ https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/participation-rates-in-higher-education-2006-to-2017

trend and will be an area for the College to assess using local data for the duration of this plan to ensure the gap is closed.

1.7 Other groups who experience barriers in higher education

Data for other groups who experience barriers in higher education, including carers, the travelling community, refugees and military families is currently not available within College data. This is an area for the College to improve upon with reference to enrolment, monitoring and progression. This tracking began in September 2019 and be assessed throughout the period of the plan. The College will achieve this through improving the collection, accuracy and evaluation of data for prospective and current students and using the data, which UCAS collects in the application process to identify students before they enrol, and targeted support whilst studying. Underrepresentation of these groups or emerging gaps will be identified and supported through robust monitoring and support to reduce potential gaps. Data for Care Leavers has been collated since 2019 and has seen an increase in access to 3% in 2019/20 with targeted support for these students. Data for other groups experiencing barriers to higher education, including carers, the travelling community, refugees and military families is being collated locally by the HE registrar although numbers are small and could lead to identification. The College plans to collate this data to monitor the trends and provide aggregated data over three and five-year intervals.

2. Strategic aims and objectives

In line with our assessment of performance, the College have identified six areas to set targets to ensure any gaps in access, continuation and progression are closed. We have also identified very small cohorts where we will not set targets but instead monitor closely to build upon current knowledge and close any potential gaps that may arise. These include the collation of data on students from the travelling community, refugees and military families as well as care leavers.

We have chosen not to set targets for access for male students from IMD Q1 and 2 or POLAR4 Q1 as the data suggests that they do not experience inequality of opportunity. We have not set a target around BAME access as the student cohort numbers are too low and in line with the local community, although we recognise that there is a national gap for this disadvantaged group. The College remains committed to monitoring these priorities to ensure that no gaps emerge. The College also commits to monitoring and maintaining its continuation performance for FT/PT mature students continuing between levels at HE as well as considering the support provided to encourage further continuation.

2.2 Target groups

The College's targets and milestones for access, continuation and progression are presented in the resource plan required by OfS. The targets cover all aspects of the HE student lifecycle, focusing on underrepresented groups. The College has set the following targets and milestones:

- To further increase the number of FT students from low-participating areas **accessing** HE.
- To reduce the **progression** and **continuation** gap between students with a declared disability and no declared disability
- To reduce the **continuation** gap between (FT students) from POLAR4 Q1-2 compared to POLAR4 Q3-5.
- To further increase the number of FT students from IMD Q1 accessing HE.
- To further increase the **progression** rates of FT students from low-participating areas.

Another underrepresented group are Care Leavers. Due to the small population size, the College will not set a target for this group. However, the College will offer a specific hardship fund that is ringfenced to this group to encourage access, participation and progression. This strategy will be monitored through College internal tracking due to the cohort size.

2.2 Aims and objectives

Objective 1: To further increase the number of FT students from low-participating areas <u>accessing</u> HE. The College shows strong recruitment from lower quintile wards over the three-year period. The College has begun to reverse the steady decline in access from 2017/18 (POLAR4 Q1 and 2 at 55%) to 60% for both 2018/19 and 2019/20. However, access from POLAR4 Q1 stands at 10% for 2019/20 and has reduced from the 3-year average (11%) and 5-year average (12%) Although above the sector average for access, it is clear that the College needs to continue to develop its access from POLAR4 Q1. The College intends to examine and improve its support for students for this disadvantaged group to increase its cohort of students to 18% by 2026-27.

Objective 2 and 3: To reduce the progression and continuation gap between students with a declared disability and no declared disability

The College has access to one year of progression data (2016/17). However, this highlights a gap in progression for students with a declared disability. Progression for students with a declared disability stands at 61.5% compared to 80.8% progression for students with no declared disability. This is lower than expected and is an area for the College to work on in future. Additionally, continuation rates for students with a declared disability are marginally lower than the rates for all students 79.3% (local data-ILR) against 84% (B3 data 2019) continuation for students with no known disability. The three-year trend for continuation stands at 75% continuation for students with a disability compared to 79% for students with no disability. The College aims to improve support and guidance with increased use of the DSA support to improve progression and continuation for this group and aim to close the continuation gap fully by 2024-25 and the progression gap to 4%. The College would look to fully close the progression gap by 2026-27.

Objective 4: To reduce the <u>continuation</u> gap between (FT students) from POLAR4 Q1-2 compared to POLAR4 Q3-5.

The College acknowledges the gap in continuation rates between students from POLAR4 Q1-2 (80.6% in 2016/17, 80% in 2017/18) and POLAR4 Q3-5 (84.6% in 2016/17, no data in 2017/18). This is also lower than the sector average for the same year for 'other undergraduate courses' at 90.2% POLAR4 Q1-2. The College aims to improve monitoring and support for this cohort of students to ensure that the high rates of access by POLAR4 quintiles is mirrored in the continuation figures. This will close the gap by 2026-27.

Objective 5: To further increase the number of FT students from IMD Q1 accessing HE.

The College has seen a reduction in the number of students accessing HE from IMD Q1 from 11.9% in 2017/18, 7% in 2018/19 to 10% 2019/20. This is much lower than the sector average (29.7%) It must be noted that when considering IMD Q1 and 2, access is much greater, at 50% for 2019/20 compared to 52.5% sector average for the same year. The College intends to examine and improve its support for students for this disadvantaged group to increase access to 18% by 2024-25 and in line with the sector average by 2026-27.

Objective 6: To further increase the <u>progression</u> rates of FT students from low-participating areas.

Progression from POLAR4 quintiles 1 and 2 is comparable at 70.6% (sector average 65.4% for other undergraduate courses 2016/17). It must be noted that due to the small student numbers, progression

data is not available for POLAR4 Quintiles 3-5. The College would like to increase the progression rate for students from POLAR4 Q1&2 by 10% by 2026-27.

3. Strategic measures

3.1 Whole provider strategic approach

The main aim for Weymouth College is to transform the lives and economic prosperity of local people by providing the opportunity to access learning delivered to the highest standards and levels in subjects that match local growth sectors, and to address skills gaps. This is very important to the growth and regeneration of Dorset, and especially the area of Weymouth and Portland. To this end we are working with the Dorset Local Enterprise Partnership (LEP) and other local stakeholders to assist in the growth of a workforce with higher qualifications and skills.

This plan and associated support measures aims to widen and increase participation and success in Higher Education in general for Weymouth and Portland. The strategic ambitions are fundamentally linked to the majority of HE students at Weymouth College, with both young and adult categories classified as under-represented groups as they are from wards in which HE participation is low.

Accordingly, widening participation is central to our mission and our primary aim to achieve year-on-year growth through the development and delivery of relevant, responsive and innovative education and training. Our commitment to access, success and progression measures, leads to a planned spend of approximately 30% of the total fee income above the basic fee level.

The College has drawn upon the expertise of its awarding partner university to develop our Theory of Change model to inform our access and participation plan. This change model starts with the identification of existing gaps in access, success and progression for all underrepresented groups across the student lifecycle. The model outlines the intermediate outcomes that will indicate overall long-term successful outcomes and the potential assumptions made as part of the successful outcomes. The model also acknowledges the potential barriers to access, success and progression for these underrepresented groups using evidence informed planning and evidence-based activities to encourage comprehensive support for all students from underrepresented groups. (Appendix 2)

Alignment with other strategies

Weymouth College is committed to providing an inclusive and supportive HE offer for its students and the local community. Either the University of Plymouth or the Pearson Group now validates all of the HE provision for HNC/HND. The College has strong links with both awarding bodies and offers a number of Foundation Degrees, Higher National Diplomas/Certificates (HND/HNC) and one first degree level 6 programme (starting from 2020/21).

The College Higher Education Strategy has been refreshed to form part of the whole College's vision from 2021 and beyond, and to deliver on the strategic priority to achieve year-on-year growth through the development and delivery of relevant, responsive and innovative education and training. This strategy is closely aligned with the College work in access and participation.

Higher Education Objectives

• Develop a higher education offer that includes flexible modes of delivery and different entry and exit points, which meets the needs of employers and students;

- Review the higher education curriculum to ensure that it is viable and that it supports employability, social inclusion and lifelong learning priorities;
- Work with employers and their representative bodies to identify their training needs, and develop a higher education curriculum offer that meets these needs and extend our delivery in the workplace;
- Develop a range of Higher Apprenticeships which articulate the needs of students, parents, employers and the LEP;
- Ensure progression pathways exist onto and from all its higher education provision and benefit higher education learners;
- Provide first class higher education teaching, learning and support that is a model of Excellence;
- Continue to investigate new relationships and partnership opportunities with higher education Awarding Bodies.

Corporation

Throughout the last four years, the College has remained committed to the continued development of a coherent and strategically planned higher education offer. The Corporation ultimately determines the strategic oversight of that planned development. Whilst the ultimate strategic oversight remains with the Corporation, the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) develop and carry out the strategy. Although the current HE student cohort is small, the importance of HE within the College is reflected by the appointment of a Head of Higher Education. This structure demonstrates the stability and strength of the SLT and the strong links with the Corporation. Both the corporation and line-management for HE allows for scrutiny and monitoring of underrepresented groups across the lifecycle to ensure access, success and progression. The College Corporation nominate a HE representative to liaise with and monitor the targets within the plan. The HE governor is invited to HE termly review meetings with the Head of HE and Vice Principal (Curriculum and Quality). The Plan, HE Self-Assessment Report and KPIs are scrutinised and signed off at the governor's meetings to ensure adequate monitoring of progress against the plan.

Quality review and Performance Impact

The Self-Assessment Report for Higher Education incorporates an evaluation of key performance indicators (KPIs – Access, Retention, Pass Rate, Continuation and Progression) for a range of demographics to identify and target achievement gaps for improvement. These include age, gender, low participation target backgrounds, learning disability, and other disability, ethnicity and care leavers. The ambitions and goals of this Access and Participation Plan are therefore embedded within the actions identified in the self-assessment document to improve KPIs demographics informing the quality action plan. This will ensure that the College is building on previous evaluations, where outcomes and evidence will continue to be used to influence practice (in terms of access, success, and progression), to shape future policy decisions and where appropriate the wider sector. The College has introduced a HE Evaluation Steering group, consisting of staff and the Lead Student Representative. This is led by the Head of HE and meets termly to evaluate the data, trends and strategic measures in place to ensure equality across the student lifecycle.

Equality and Diversity Policy

Promotion of equality and diversity continues to be outstanding at Weymouth College and the Access and Participation Plan will clearly support and benefit from the College's wider equality and diversity strategy. Equality and diversity are integral parts of College life and community and the College is proactive in the embedding and promotion of equality and diversity.

The College actively uses information and opportunities to promote EDI across the College such as via CPD plans for staff, ALS plans for students and student activities including debates, promotion of British values, discussions, level/ability specific activities and workshops. All Equality and Diversity training is mandatory and refresher modules are also in place on a regular basis.

The analysis of equalities data is thorough, and the performance of different groups is carefully monitored, and any achievement gaps are identified and addressed. The College also produces an Equality and Diversity Annual Report. The Strategic Group meets termly and reports to the both Governing Body and the Performance and Delivery committee.

To comply with the College Equality policy and Equality Act 2010, the College will ensure that its HE admissions criteria do not discriminate or exclude learners, monitor data to identify any underrepresentation by group, to have appropriate teaching materials that are fully inclusive and ensuring that any marking and moderation policies are non-discriminatory.

Key Strategic Measures

The College is committed to improving its own practice concerning improving access and participation for underrepresented groups through robust self-evaluation. Strategic measures for access, success and progression are clearly mapped to the evidence-based Theory of Change (appendix 2).

In terms of the student lifecycle of access, participation, success and progression, students studying a HE course at Weymouth College progress from a variety of academic backgrounds. The College aims to enable individuals to develop their full potential and thus to provide access to higher education to all who may benefit from it. The College recognises its responsibilities towards all those who apply to study at Weymouth College and will endeavour to ensure that students are only enrolled on a programme for which they have the skills, academic ability, motivation and commitment to succeed.

Strategic measures to support student access

The College recognises the importance of collaboration between providers and stakeholders in improving access to higher education and has established strong relationships with local schools (majority located in POLAR4 quintile 1 or 2 for participation in HE). This enables the delivery of continuous and coherent outreach throughout students' primary, secondary and post-16 education and this measure is key to the achievement of objective 1 (access for low participation students) and 5 (access for low socioeconomic background). The following strategic measures are supported by the tactical measures outlined in table 5 (appendix 1).

The College continues to develop/enhance its already successful School HE outreach activities, for example Careers College (this event won the UCAS Progress AoC Beacon Award in 2014, and was nominated by Bournemouth University for the 2017 NEON Widening Participation Award). We have maintained support from the Southern Universities Network, and Bournemouth University to widen the event, with 2330 Year 9/10 students from 16 schools participated in 2018 (event postponed in 2019 due to Covid-19). Since 2016 the College has now consecutively organised three 'HEADS UP' HE taster days hosted at the college, where over 200 students from schools across Dorset attended the higher education SUN-funded event. (90% of students saying that they now had a better understanding of higher education

and were more likely to apply for a place on a higher education course). These taster events throughout primary, secondary and tertiary education are vital to achieving objectives 1 (access for low participation students) and 5 (access for low socioeconomic background).

The College is working in collaboration with Southern University Network and developed several initiatives in 2019/20, including an Access to Higher Education event aimed at supporting the most disadvantaged young people progression onto Higher Education and therefore contributing in the evaluation of activities within the structured Uniconnect partnership. During 19/20 and 20/21, these programmes moved online due to Covid-19 but still allowed access to all students. These taster events throughout primary, secondary and tertiary education are vital to achieving objectives 1 (access for low participation students) and 5 (access for low socioeconomic background).

Strategic measures to support student success

The College has a comprehensive strategy to ensure that students receive the support they require to achieve their intended qualification and enhance their employment opportunities. A thorough induction process, individual induction to the learning resources available at HE, personal tutor system and additional study support, all help to identify students in need of support from the outset and then during their period of study. This was further expanded in 2019 to include increased support from the College counselling team and increased support for students to access and be aware of the Disability Students Allowance. This support is available in person, online and by email to encourage all students to access support as and when required. This will be key in the College meeting objectives 3 and 4 (Continuation for disabled students and POLAR4 Q1-2 students).

The College offers all its HE courses over one or two days per week, ensuring that they are fully accessible to all underrepresented groups, particularly mature students, those with caring responsibilities or work commitments. The timetabling of sessions during these days also allows the flexibility for support to be made available during this time for those in need. This planning and commitment to supporting those from disadvantaged backgrounds will be key to the College meeting objectives 3 and 4 (Continuation for disabled students and POLAR4 Q1-2 students).

The robust monitoring of all students across the lifecycle of learning has led to the increased collaboration between academic teams and the College MIS team to track and monitor underrepresented groups. This is monitored at monthly Head's of School meetings as well as at termly School Review meetings alongside formal scrutiny at the quality level through the HE SAR. These strategic measures are vital to ensuring the achievement of objectives 3 and 4 (Continuation for disabled students and POLAR4 Q1-2 students).

Strategic measures to support student progression

The College, through individual school links and the Employer Engagement Team, have robust links to employers. This results in strong relationships to industry that are used to excellent effect in both industry speakers and work placement opportunities throughout courses. Strong relationships with our Partner University and awarding body allow students to be well informed on progression opportunities but further monitoring of this will ensure that students from all underrepresented groups are supported to progress successfully. This ensures the appropriate support mechanisms are in place to allow them to continue their studies and gain employment on graduation as outlined in terms of positive progression outcomes in 16/17 (employment / employment and further study / and further study only) with 90% for full-time students and 100% for part-time students. The College intends to monitor this data more robustly in order

to consider destination by underrepresented group more closely. These strategic measures are vital to ensuring the achievement of objectives 2, and 6 (Progression for disabled students, IMD Q1 and 2 students and low participation areas).

The robust monitoring of all students across the lifecycle of learning has led to the increased collaboration between academic teams and the College MIS team to track and monitor underrepresented groups. This is monitored at monthly Head's of School meetings as well as at termly School Review meetings alongside formal scrutiny at the quality level through the HE SAR. These strategic measures are vital to ensuring the achievement of objectives 2, 3, 4 and 6 (progression for disabled students, IMD Q1 and 2 students and low participation areas).

Financial support

Weymouth College's approach to financial support measures, aims to widen access, success and progression by addressing potential barriers to participation identified in our assessment of performance. In terms of financial support, the College offers two forms of financial support for students to enable continuation and progression in the form of two hardship funds. Students accessing the hardship fund will not be entitled to a set amount of money but this will depend upon the strength of the application.

All applications will be considered with two funds available; the Weymouth College Hardship Fund and Weymouth College Care Leavers Hardship Fund. Students who are eligible for the Weymouth College Care Leavers Hardship Fund are also able to access the Weymouth College Hardship Fund if needed. The Weymouth College Hardship Fund supports all students from underrepresented groups to access, participate and progress within higher education at the College. This is specifically linked to the access target for students from POLAR4 households and the continuation and progression targets for those with a declared disability and those from POLAR4 Q1 and 2. The College has chosen not to set a target for Care Leavers as an underrepresented group due to the small population size at College. However, this is a group that the College is keen to increase and retain. The Weymouth College Care Leavers Hardship Fund is available as a ringfenced fund for Care Leavers to access in addition to the Weymouth College Hardship Fund to increase access, participation and progression for this group.

Weymouth College Hardship Fund: The College's strategic approach to support incorporates a fund that supports all students on higher education courses including students from all underrepresented groups and can evidence financial need. This fund can provide one payment per year, and students are able to re-apply for the funding in each year of their studies. At current rates, this fund will provide a student with a payment up to £250 (minimum £75), although the College reserves the right to increase the fund in exceptional circumstances. Students in need of a dyslexia assessment can access the hardship fund to support the costs of the assessment.

Weymouth College Care Leavers Hardship Fund: Additionally, the College offers targeted support for Care Leavers. This fund supports students who are care leavers, have a household income under £25,000, or both. This fund can provide one payment per year, and students are able to re-apply for funding in each year of their studies. At current rates, this fund will provide a student with a payment of up to £250 (minimum £75), although the College reserves the right to increase the fund in exceptional circumstances.

Owing to our student cohort size, the College is unable to use the OfS financial toolkit to evaluate the impact that our financial support has. To evaluate the financial assistance available to students, the College will specifically survey all students who are in receipt of financial support from the College in

order to monitor progression and continuation for students accessing the funds. Early evaluation has suggested that the hardship funds in place increase continuation and progression from students from underrepresented groups. In 2018/19, students in receipt of support were all successfully retained and have either completed their studies with the College or are progressing to the next stage of their studies or employment. These students were all from one of the underrepresented groups. This links to the College targets for the duration of this plan as it increases our progression and continuation from underrepresented groups.

The College will review this pattern of allocation as more information becomes available as to the effectiveness of the measures put in place. This strategic measure is vital to ensuring the achievement of objectives 1-7 throughout the complete lifecycle of the student.

3.2 Student consultation

In terms of student consultation and involvement, Weymouth College has a clear strategic approach with engaging students; the College operates several student surveys throughout the year, with responses bringing feedback to the course representatives as part of the Autumn and Spring Programme Team meetings. The College collects the views of students, individually and as curriculum area groups; these mechanisms will allow students to be included in the implementation, monitoring and evaluation of this Access and Participation Plan. These include:

- Induction Feedback Survey (Term 1)
- University of Plymouth Student Perception Questionnaire (Term 2)
- National Student Survey (NSS) (Term 2)
- Module/Unit Evaluations (Throughout the year)
- Student Representative within Programme Team Meetings (Autumn and Spring Term)
- HE Student Representation at College termly Student Representative Meetings
- HE Student Representation at Joint Boards of Study (Term 1)
- Tutorial 1:1 feedback (throughout the year)

Student representatives are invited to participate in formal course meetings which include a standing agenda item for student feedback. All students have the opportunity to undertake formal survey procedures as outlined above, the results of which are fed back to programme teams and form part of action planning discussions within Annual Reports. Feedback from students involved in enhancement and employability activities has resulted in further engagement by employers wanting students to participate in additional work experience, and live projects.

The College has further plans of engaging students more actively with the help of the College Lead Student Representative and the continued support of partner university Student Union coordinators. New initiatives include HE Forums on Moodle VLE, development of an HE social media platform, re-vamp of the HE social area and use of the area for events/exhibition of student work.

All HE groups were consulted via email on the first draft of this document through a series of tutorial sessions. Students were encouraged to feedback about their programmes this year, the College strategic vision for HE and strengths and areas for development around access, success and progression. All student groups were consulted, ensuring that all disadvantaged groups were reached and their voices heard. This was a particularly meaningful experience, as there was no selection bias as to the students involved; all were able to participate in discussions around our Access and Participation Plan. Students were provided with the same level of non-medical support during these sessions, as they would have in a usual session.

Student feedback indicated that they found the tutorial sessions in small classes supportive and enabled them to achieve whilst others commented upon the proximity of the course to family a benefit in terms of their success and continuation on the course. We received mixed feedback on the student awareness of DSA availability and all students felt that the outreach work within schools and FE education had been a decisive factor for their choice to study HE at the College.

HE Student Representatives and the HE Lead student representative from each programme were consulted on the first draft of this document, and have informed the milestones, which have been set as well as discussions on the sources of financial support. The finalised document and programme of activity were then presented at the HE Evaluation Steering Committee. A later draft was discussed at a dedicated student representative's panel with students from a range of backgrounds. The outcome of this was finalised as the College Access and Participation Plan. Future consultation will occur allowing students from the all backgrounds in the above listed feedback mechanisms. Additionally, the College aims to encourage its student representatives to be involved in monitoring and evaluation via membership of the College student panel, programme committee meetings, HE Evaluation Steering Group and termly HE monitoring meetings.

Actions taken as a result of the student consultation were to review the hardship fund offer to make the process clearer and easier to access and to investigate the future implementation of increased study support for students progressing onto level 6 programmes elsewhere.

3.3 Evaluation strategy

The College will undertake an evaluation of its measures to meet its key targets for the duration of the Plan. (Appendix 1) The College plans to implement and increase its evaluation of measures at HE, including introducing pre- and post- surveys for student feedback, improved links with the HE student representatives and introduction of improved data monitoring tools and performance regulation through termly reviews and online MIS systems. Evaluation of the Access and Participation Plan will inform the HE Self-Assessment Plan presented to SLT and the Governing body.

The College is investing heavily in areas of pre-16 access in terms of annual careers College for local students to attend to increase aspiration. In order to evaluate this provision, it undertakes pre- and post event surveys with students, parents and schools in order to assess participation and student plans for post 18 study. This then informs the College post-16 provision and access opportunities, including HE taster sessions, master classes and higher education fairs. Each event is monitored through pre- and post- event surveys that inform future events and planning.

The College also invests in a hardship fund to promote progression and continuation for all students in higher education. This fund has been expanded to offer additional support to care leavers who are a group the College is keen to support to achieve. This is monitored by the Head of HE and has been expanded to support students who need to complete dyslexia tests to support learning.

The evaluation strategy adopted by the College for the duration of this plan will link to the HE strategy to deliver on the strategic priority to achieve year-on-year growth through the development and delivery of relevant, responsive and innovative education and training. This approach will aim to transform the lives and economic prosperity of local people by providing the opportunity to access learning delivered to the highest standards and levels in subjects that match local growth sectors, and to address skills gaps.

Strategic Context: In order to embed evaluation across the Access, Success and Progression strands the College has implemented an Evaluation Steering Group comprised of Staff and Students. This will meet on a termly basis to review how the different types of evaluation are working, share best practice and inform further development. Our theories of change for all stages of the student lifecycle will underpin all evaluation work. It will also look to build on existing academic research of evaluation of Widening Participation. The College is in discussion with a local college to set up an evaluation support group. This will share expertise and explore joint approaches to evaluation.

Programme Design: Current access, continuation and progression activities have been designed in response to local need. The College is working to develop and improve the lifecycle framework through mapping all activities against the relevant barrier on the Theory of Change model. This will allow the College to identify any gaps in provision and ensure there is appropriate support in place for underrepresented groups at all lifecycle stages. The College is aiming to use both quantitative and qualitative narrative evidence to review the existing offer as well as design new programmes using evidence informed practice. These criteria will be reflected in the HE Quality Improvement Plan with an additional section outlining a theory of change for interventions where appropriate. Reporting on achievement gaps and attainment for underrepresented groups will be added to the evaluation reports provided by curriculum areas.

Evaluation Design And Implementation: To evaluate our progress supporting students from the underrepresented groups to overcome the individual barriers identified in our Theory of Change, we embed evaluation of students' perceptions of barriers within different activity evaluations. This allows us to assess the distance travelled by students towards overcoming individual barriers, with longitudinal tracking and follow-up surveys used to monitor the impact of interventions on students' experiences of each barrier, e.g. attainment or knowledge of HE.

To enable us to achieve our aims and objectives for the target groups we have identified, and evaluate whether activities and programmes are successfully contributing to these, we will use the following tools to evaluate individual activities: Student Surveys, Teacher Surveys, Focus Groups, Interviews, and Informal Discussions.

As we develop our evaluation capacity across the College, we will work to develop evaluation methods to establish causality. Where possible, we will aim to use sources such as application data, attendance and attainment data or graduate outcomes data when evaluating activities.

Learning To Shape Improvements: The data collected from these different evaluation methods will allow the College to produce reports on individual activities, which inform and shape future interventions for these activities, as part of an evaluation cycle. All reports produced will feed into the monitoring of progress towards the APP aims and objectives, as part of the overall evaluation cycle, supporting us to assess how well we are aligning with our objectives, and enabling us to evidence the impact of the APP programme.

3.4 Monitoring progress against delivery of the plan

Weymouth College has an integrated management structure that will ensure that the targets set within this Access and Participation Plan are both monitored and evaluated. The operational delivery of this plan will be led by the Head of HE, with strategic support from the College Vice Principal (Curriculum & Quality).

A yearly evaluation of quality processes and reviews takes place under the HE audit process. This evaluation ensures that the management of the learner experience and measures set out in the plan are monitored. Monthly Performance Review meetings will monitor data on the access, success and progression of students from underrepresented groups to identify emerging or closing gaps. Termly HE Evaluation Steering meetings will also analyse and evaluate trends and progression of the plan.

The College include a Higher Education Termly Review Meeting, in line with the rest of the College to further enhance the management and monitoring of HE access and participation. These meetings are chaired by the Principal, review progress against targets throughout the academic year, and consider the successes and potential gaps within the student lifecycle.

The year-end self-assessment document and action plan will be monitored via the HE Development Plan, which the Head of Higher Education oversees, and monitors (this is a 'Live' document). The actions that have been completed are monitored at both monthly 'Curriculum Management' meetings and termly 'Quality of Education' committee meetings. The 'Quality of Education' committee meetings have ultimate responsibility for monitoring progress against this plan and evaluating the teaching and learning that is ongoing.

The student voice is included within this monitoring to further aid the design of HE programmes, enhancements and changes to unit/module specifications where applicable. The outcomes from the Audit feed into the year-end self-assessment document, and action plan, which is assured by the Vice Principal (Quality and Performance), the Principal and the HE lead on the Corporation. The Chair of the Corporation signs off the self-evaluation document and accompanying live action plan.

If any of these groups find that progress is not being achieved at the ambitious rate set out in this plan, appropriate steps will be taken at a management and operational level to identify the cause and ensure appropriate measures are in place to allow the required progress to be made.

3 Provision of information to students

Weymouth College provides clear and accurate information to students and prospective students on the range of access and outreach activities it undertakes, along with information on the practical and financial support available to students. This will be compliant in meeting our obligations under the Consumer Protection Law. The College will continue to engage in collaborative events with partners in Dorset aimed at offering clear and comprehensive information to students, potential students, their families and carers, employers and other stakeholders to promote Higher Education opportunities.

The College describes the process for application and admission to the programme of study within programme specific pages on the website and on UCAS. Information is made available to prospective students to help them select their programme with an understanding of the academic environment in which they will be studying and the support that will be made available to them.

Weymouth College as a Higher Education provider publishes online and written information that describes our mission, values, overall strategy, financial support, fees for the duration of our courses, and once approved this Access and Participation Plan. This ensures that all relevant information is accessible to both current and prospective students. Funds are not available to cover tuition fee costs. In general, Hardship Funding is intended to help pay for emergency expenditure that students could not have foreseen. In addition, the fund can consider costs for disabled students which are not met by the

Disabled Students' Allowance (DSA). This will be done on a case by case basis and the level of support will be determined by available funding resource.

In summary, the College has a long history of providing high quality vocationally related Higher Education in Weymouth and Portland and the wider area of Dorset, and seeks to address the need to provide higher level courses and qualifications for the local community and employers. It is therefore clear that the nature of HE provision at Weymouth College is distinct from that provided by traditional HEI's in that it raises the aspirations of those who would not normally consider higher education as part of their career path. By making such provision available to aspiring learners, Weymouth College plays an important role in contributing to the economic development of the local community, the widening participation agenda and the achievement of national targets for HE participation.

5. Appendix

The OfS will append the following items from the fees and targets and investment documents when an access and participation plan is published:

- 1. Targets (tables 2a, 2b and 2c in the targets and investment plan)
- 2. Investment summary (tables 4a and 4b in the targets and investment plan)
- 3. Fee summary (table 4a and 4b in the fee information document)

Appendix 1 (Table 5)

Target 1: To furthe	r increase the number	of FT students from low-participating areas accessing HE.
Measure	Underrepresented group (s)	Monitoring/ Evaluation
To provide multiple internal progression events (generic and specific by area) across the College to encourage student uptake from underrepresented groups	Low participation, Gender, Age, Disability, Care leaver, BAME	 All events to assess the impact of event through intended progression surveys which will be correlated with UCAS application and enrolment in the form of internal progression. Pre and post surveys to be completed to monitor interest and access from underrepresented groups and parents/carers and stakeholders to evaluate intervention.
Deliver and host 'HEADS UP' event, (HE taster day) for all feeder schools.	Low participation, Gender, Age, Disability, Care leaver, BAME	 Pre and Post monitoring forms to assess suitability and progression of HE students to college courses Evaluation of UCAS applicants and 'HEADS UP' attendance follow up for HE courses
Maintain Key Stage 4 link programmes aimed at students from underrepresented groups, whereby students study at the College on a regular basis to help them consider a range of progression routes.	Low participation, Gender, Age, Disability, Care leaver, BAME	 Evaluation, tracking and refinement of individual HE student progression through curriculum pathways Provision and monitoring of attendance to inspirational talks/lectures and role models for Key Stage 4 students
Utilise the Schools Officer post-holder to increase the number of links with schools within the SUN Uniconnect regions.	Low participation, Gender, Age, Disability, Care leaver, BAME	Track and monitor funding bids for SUN Uniconnect and effectiveness in increasing HE applications
To maintain and increase the College programme of HE talks and Taster Sessions to schools within the local community by ensuring visits to all feeder settings	Low participation, Gender, Age, Disability, Care leaver, BAME	 Pre and Post monitoring forms to assess suitability and progression of HE students to college courses from feeder schools Evaluation of UCAS applicants and feeder schools attendance follow up for HE courses
Deliver and host 'Careers College' event promoting HE and employability to secondary schools in low	Low participation, Gender, Age,	 Pre and post monitoring of questionnaires to assess suitability and progression of HE students from college career events

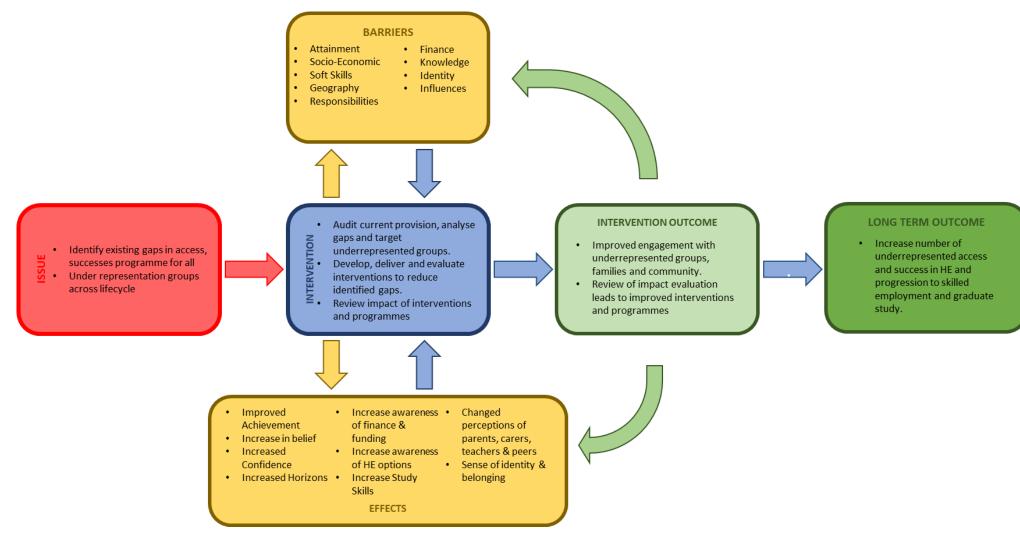
participation target backgrounds and the wider	Disability, Care	Collation and analysis of data on links with local schools (visits/ outreach/							
locality of Dorset (this totalled 16 schools in 2017	leaver,	industry expert programmes)							
(2330 students).	BAME								
Target 2: To redu	ce the progression gap	p between (FT students) from IMD Q1&2 compared to Q3-5							
Measure Underrepresented Monitoring/ Evaluation									
	group (s)								
Maintain formal tutorial sessions providing	IMD Q 1&2	Robust set of careers resources developed to assist students with careers							
additional employment-related support to final year	students	information and advice specific to HE (Careers Team)							
students.		Evaluation and assessment of NSS and SPQ data to inform future planning							
Maintain contact with graduate students to provide	IMD Q 1&2	 Monitor and Promote Alumni through social media outlet 							
careers talks to current students on employment	students	Create Alumni database for HE							
and postgraduate opportunities.		 Manage HE Alumni events to promote HE progression 							
		HE student award at College Award Ceremony							
Improve tracking of curriculum networking	IMD Q 1&2	 Tracking sheet for industry links for each course. 							
opportunities to provide students from a low	students	 Pre-and Post-monitoring of student access to industry related employers 							
participation background links to industry related									
employers.									
To introduce improved HE data management	IMD Q 1&2	Creation of reports in relation to student enrolment, continuation, attainment							
systems to (Weytrack) that will monitor student	students	and progression.							
success and identify those "at risk".		 Termly HE meetings with SLT and HE Governor to evaluate access, 							
		continuation and attainment of students							
		 Identify students at risk of withdrawal at an early stage 							
Increase awareness of, monitoring and analysis of	IMD Q 1&2	 Introduction of hardship fun in marketing, interviews and induction process 							
the use of the hardship fund to support students at	students	 Monitoring of applications for hardship funding 							
all stages of the lifecycle.		 Post-monitoring of student feedback of hardship funding support. 							
		Identify students at risk of withdrawal at an early stage							
Target 3 and 4: To reduce the prog	ression and continuation	on gap between students with a declared disability and no declared disability.							
Measure	Underrepresented	Monitoring/ Evaluation							
	group (s)								

Maintain and improve additional study skills support throughout student studies (including informal assessment at the start of programmes to aid		 Robust set of careers resources developed to assist students with careers information and advice specific to HE (Careers Team)
assessment at the start of programmes to aid		
		 Evaluation and assessment of NSS and SPQ data to inform future planning
transition to HE standards of assessment).		Monitoring of training for HE staff
Develop new approaches to data collection and	Disabled	Creation of reports in relation to student enrolment, continuation, attainment
analysis in relation to HE student population		and progression.
		 Termly HE meetings with SLT and HE Governor to evaluate access,
		continuation and attainment of students
		 Identify students at risk of withdrawal at an early stage
Maintain contact with graduate students to provide	Disabled	Monitor and Promote Alumni through social media outlet
careers talks to current students on employment		Create Alumni database for HE
and postgraduate opportunities.		 Manage HE Alumni events to promote HE progression
		HE student award at College Award Ceremony
Maintain formal tutorial sessions providing	Disabled	Robust set of careers resources developed to assist students with careers
additional employment-related support to final year		information and advice specific to HE (Careers Team)
students.		 Evaluation and assessment of NSS and SPQ data to inform future planning
Improve tracking of curriculum areas maintaining	Disabled	 Tracking sheet for industry links for each course.
ndustry contacts that support the curriculum design		Pre-and Post-monitoring of student access to industry related employers
and work experience.		
Increase awareness of, monitoring and analysis of	Disabled	Introduction of hardship fun in marketing, interviews and induction process
the use of the hardship fund to support students at		 Monitoring of applications for hardship funding
all stages of the lifecycle.		 Post-monitoring of student feedback of hardship funding support.
		 Identify students at risk of withdrawal at an early stage
Objective 5: To reduce the	continuation gap betw	veen (FT students) from POLAR4 Q1-2 compared to POLAR4 Q3-5.
Measure	Underrepresented	Monitoring/ Evaluation
	group (s)	-
Maintain and improve additional study skills support	Students from low	Robust set of careers resources developed to assist students with careers
throughout student studies	HE participation	information and advice specific to HE (Careers Team)
-	areas	Evaluation and assessment of NSS and SPQ data to inform future planning

Increase awareness of, monitoring and analysis of	Students from low	 Introduction of hardship fun in marketing, interviews and induction process
the use of the hardship fund to support students at	HE participation	 Monitoring of applications for hardship funding
all stages of the lifecycle.	areas	 Post-monitoring of student feedback of hardship funding support.
		 Identify students at risk of withdrawal at an early stage
To introduce improved HE data management	Students from low	Creation of reports in relation to student enrolment, continuation, attainment
systems to (Weytrack) that will monitor student	HE participation	and progression.
success and identify those "at risk".	areas	 Termly HE meetings with SLT and HE Governor to evaluate access,
		continuation and attainment of students
		 Identify students at risk of withdrawal at an early stage
Objective 6:	To further increase th	ne number of FT students from IMD Q1 accessing HE.
Deliver and host 'HEADS UP' event, (HE taster	Low socio-	Pre and Post monitoring forms to assess suitability and progression of HE
day) for all feeder schools.	economic	students to college courses
	background	Evaluation of UCAS applicants and 'HEADS UP' attendance follow up for HE
		courses
Maintain Key Stage 4 link programmes aimed at	Low socio-	 Monitor marketing of progression maps (physical and online presence)
students from underrepresented groups, whereby	economic	targeted at Key Stage 4
students study at the College on a regular basis to	background	Evaluation, tracking and refinement of individual HE student progression
help them consider a range of progression routes.		through curriculum pathways
		Provision and monitoring of attendance to inspirational talks/lectures and role
		models for Key Stage 4 students
Utilise the Schools Officer post-holder to increase	Low socio-	Track and monitor funding bids for SUN Uniconnect and effectiveness in
the number of links with schools within the SUN	economic	increasing HE applications
Uniconnect regions.	background	
To maintain and increase the College programme	Low socio-	 Pre and Post monitoring forms to assess suitability and progression of HE
of HE talks and Taster Sessions to schools within	economic	students to college courses from feeder schools
the local community by ensuring visits to all feeder	background	 Evaluation of UCAS applicants and feeder schools attendance follow up for
settings		HE courses
Deliver and host 'Careers College' event promoting	Low socio-	 Pre and post monitoring of questionnaires to assess suitability and
HE and employability to secondary schools in low	economic	progression of HE students from college career events
participation target backgrounds and the wider	background	Collation and analysis of data on links with local schools (visits/ outreach/
		industry expert programmes)

locality of Dorset (this totalled 16 schools in 2017 (2330 students).		
Develop new approaches to data collection and analysis in relation to HE student population	Low Socio- economic background	 Creation of reports in relation to student enrolment, continuation, attainment and progression. Termly HE meetings with SLT and HE Governor to evaluate access, continuation and attainment of students Identify students at risk of withdrawal at an early stage
Objective 7: To furthe	r increase the progre	ession rates of FT students from low-participating areas.
Maintain and improve additional study skills support throughout student studies (including informal assessment at the start of programmes to aid transition to HE standards of assessment).	Low Socio- economic background	 Robust set of careers resources developed to assist students with careers information and advice specific to HE (Careers Team) Evaluation and assessment of NSS and SPQ data to inform future planning Monitoring of training for HE staff
Develop new approaches to data collection and analysis in relation to HE student population	Low Socio- economic background	 Creation of reports in relation to student enrolment, continuation, attainment and progression. Termly HE meetings with SLT and HE Governor to evaluate access, continuation and attainment of students Identify students at risk of withdrawal at an early stage
Maintain contact with graduate students to provide careers talks to current students on employment and postgraduate opportunities. Maintain formal tutorial sessions providing	Low Socio- economic background Low Socio-	 Monitor and Promote Alumni through social media outlet Manage HE Alumni events to promote HE progression HE student award at College Award Ceremony Robust set of careers resources developed to assist students with careers
additional employment-related support to final year	economic	information and advice specific to HE (Careers Team)
students. Improve tracking of curriculum areas maintaining and cultivating industry contacts that support the curriculum design, and provide opportunities for valuable work experience.	background Low Socio- economic background	 Evaluation and assessment of NSS and SPQ data to inform future planning Tracking sheet for industry links for each course. Pre-and Post-monitoring of student access to industry related employers •
Increase awareness of, monitoring and analysis of the use of the hardship fund to support students at all stages of the lifecycle.	Low Socio- economic background	 Introduction of hardship fun in marketing, interviews and induction process Monitoring of applications for hardship funding Post-monitoring of student feedback of hardship funding support. Identify students at risk of withdrawal at an early stage

Appendix 2



Appendix 1: Theory of Change Model for Weymouth College

Office for Students

Access and participation plan Fee information 2022-23

Provider name: Weymouth College

Provider UKPRN: 10007469

Summary of 2022-23 entrant course fees

*course type not listed

Inflationary statement:

Subject to the maximum fee limits set out in Regulations we will increase fees each year using RPI-X

Table 4a - Full-time course fee levels for 2022-23 entrants

Full-time course type:	Additional information:	Course fee:
First degree	N/A	£6,650
Foundation degree	N/A	£6,650
Foundation year/Year 0	*	*
HNC/HND	N/A	£5,750
CertHE/DipHE	*	*
Postgraduate ITT	*	*
Accelerated degree	*	*
Sandwich year	*	*
Erasmus and overseas study years	*	*
Other	*	*
Table 4b - Sub-contractual full-time course fee levels for 2022-23		
Sub-contractual full-time course type:	Additional information:	Course fee:
First degree	*	*
Foundation degree	*	*
Foundation year/Year 0	*	*
HNC/HND	*	*
CertHE/DipHE	*	*
Postgraduate ITT	*	*
Accelerated degree	*	*
Sandwich year	*	*
Erasmus and overseas study years	*	*
Other	*	*
Table 4c - Part-time course fee levels for 2022-23 entrants		
Part-time course type:	Additional information:	Course fee:
First degree	*	*
Foundation degree	*	*
Foundation year/Year 0	*	*
HNC/HND	No	£3,250
CertHE/DipHE	*	*
Postgraduate ITT	*	*
Accelerated degree	*	*
Sandwich year	*	*
Erasmus and overseas study years	*	*
Other	*	*
Table 4d - Sub-contractual part-time course fee levels for 2022-23		
Sub-contractual part-time course type:	Additional information:	Course fee:
First degree	*	*
Foundation degree	*	*
Foundation year/Year 0	*	*
HNC/HND	*	*
CertHE/DipHE	*	*
Postgraduate ITT	*	*
Accelerated degree	*	*
Sandwich year	*	*
	*	*
Erasmus and overseas study years Other Other	*	*

Office for Offs Students

Targets and investment plan 2022-23 to 2026-27

Provider name: Weymouth College

Provider UKPRN: 10007469

Investment summary

The OfS requires providers to report on their planned investment in access, financial support and research and evaluation in their access and participation plan. The OfS does not require providers to report on investment in student success and progression in the access and participation plans and therefore investment in these areas is not recorded here.

Note about the data:

The figures in Table 4a relate to all expenditure on activities and measures that support the ambitions set out in an access and participation plan, where they relate to access to higher education. The figures in Table 4b only relate to the expenditure on activities and measures that support the ambitions set out in an access and participation plan, where they relate to access to higher education which is funded by higher fee income. The OfS does not require providers to report on investment in success and progression and therefore investment in these areas is not represended.

The figures below are not comparable to previous access and participation plans or access agreements as data published in previous years does not reflect latest provider projections on student numbers.

Table 4a - Investment summary (£)

Access and participation plan investment summary (£)	Academic year							
	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27			
Total access activity investment (£)	£56,745.00	£57,915.00	£57,915.00	£59,085.00	£59,670.00			
Access (pre-16)	£52,962.00	£54,054.00	£54,054.00	£55,146.00	£55,692.00			
Access (post-16)	£3,783.00	£3,861.00	£3,861.00	£3,939.00	£3,978.00			
Access (adults and the community)	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00			
Access (other)	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00			
Financial support (£)	£3,000.00	£3,000.00	£3,000.00	£3,000.00	£3,000.00			
Research and evaluation (£)	£62,000.00	£62,000.00	£62,000.00	£62,000.00	£62,000.00			

Table 4b - Investment summary (HFI%)

L	Access and participation plan investment summary (%HFI)	Academic year						
L		2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27		
L	Higher fee income (£HFI)	£47,045.00	£48,015.00	£48,015.00	£48,985.00	£49,470.00		
L	Access investment	12.1%	12.1%	12.1%	12.1%	12.1%		
L	Financial support	5.7%	5.6%	5.6%	5.5%	5.5%		
L	Research and evaluation	12.2%	12.0%	12.2%	12.4%	12.2%		
L	Total investment (as %HFI)	30.0%	29.7%	29.9%	29.9%	29.8%		
L								

Office for Students

Targets and investment plan

Provider name: Weymouth College Provider UKPRN: 10007469

2022-23 to 2026-27

Targets

Table 2a - Access															
Aim (500 characters maximum) Reference	Target group	Underrepresented group	Comparator group	Description (500 charac	ter is this target	Data source	Baseline year	r Units	Baseline data		Yea	rly milesto	nes		Commentary on how milestones/targets were
number		(optional)	(optional)		collaborative?					2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	calculated (500 characters maximum)
To further increase the number of FT students from low-participating areas accessing HE.	Low participation neighbourhood (LPN)	POLAR quintile 1	All other quintiles	To further increase the proportion of students who are from POLAR4 Quintile 1 postcode areas.	No	The access and participation dataset	2019-20	Percentage	10%	11	13	15	16		Baseline based on 2019/20 data for both full and part time entrants aged 18-19 at point of entry.
PTA_2				postcode areas.											
PTA_3															
PTA_4															
PTA_5															
PTA_6															
PTA_7															
PTA_8															
PTA_9															
PTA_10															
PTA_11															
PTA_12															

Table 2b - Success

Aim (500 characters maximum)	Reference	Target group	Underrepresented group	Comparator group	Description (500 character	er Is this target	Data source	source Baseline year Units		Baseline data		Yea	arly mileste	ones	Commentary on how milestones/targets were
	number					collaborative?	-		2022-23		2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27 calculated (500 characters maximum)	
	PTS_1	Disabled	Students with disability	Students with no known	percentage difference in	No	The access and	2016-17	Percentage	4.7	4	3.5	3	3 2	0
				disability	continuation rates between		participation		points						
To reduce the continuation gap for					students with a declared		dataset								Baseline based on College 2016/17 ILR data due to small
students with a declared disability.					disability and no declared										sample size for those with a declared disability for 2017/1
					disability.										
	PTS_2	Low participation	POLAR quintile 1 and 2	All other quintiles	percentage difference in	No	The access and	2016-17	Percentage	4	3.5	3	2.5	5 2	0
To reduce the continuation gap for		neighbourhood (LPN)			continuation rates between		participation		points						Baseline based on College 2016/17 ILR data as no data
students from POLAR4 Q 1-2					students from POLAR4 Q 1&	2	dataset								available for POLAR4 Q3-5 for 2017/18 to compare.
					compared to Q3-5										
	PTS_3														
	PTS_4														
	PTS_5														
	PTS_6														
	PTS_7														
	PTS_8														
	PTS_9														
	PTS_10														
	PTS_11														
	PTS_12														

Table 2c - Progression

Aim (500 characters maximum	n) Reference	Target group	Underrepresented group	Comparator group (optional)	Description (500 characte	collaborative?	Data source	Baseline year	Units	Baseline data		Yea	arly mileste	ones		Commentary on how milestones/targets were
	number		(optional)								2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-2	calculated (500 characters maximum)
To reduce the progression gap between from IMD Q1&2 compared IMD Q3-5	PTP_1	Socioeconomic	IMD quintile 1 and 2	All other quintiles	percentage difference between students progressing to highly skilled employment or further study from IMD Q 1&2 compared to Q3-5	No	The access and participation dataset	2016-17	Percentage points	23	21	17	14	10		3 Baseline based on College 2016/17 ILR data
To reduce the progression gap between students with a declared disability and no declared disability		Disabled	Students with disability	Students with no known disability	percentage difference between students progressing to highly skilled employment or further study with a disability and with no disability	No	The access and participation dataset	2016-17	Percentage points	19.3	16	14	11	3		4 Baseline based on College 2016/17 ILR data
To further increase the progression rate of FT students from low- participating areas.	PTP_3	Low participation neighbourhood (LPN)	POLAR quintile 1 and 2	All other quintiles	To further increase the progression rate of students who are from POLAR4 Quintile 1 & 2 postcode areas.	No	The access and participation dataset	2016-17	Percentage points	70.6	73	75	78	8 80	8	1 Baseline based on College 2016/17 ILR data
	PTP_4															
	PTP_5															
	PTP_6															
	PTP_7															
	PTP_8															
	PTP_9															
	PTP_10															
	PTP_11															
	PTP_12													1		